

Metadata	
Table code	EC_RL_009_S3
Title	Labour Force Survey (New Series)
Frequency ,Lag time and Release schedule	<p>Frequency monthly Lag time 2 months Release schedule The last business day of the second month following the reference period</p>
<p>Summary Methodology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analytical Framework, Concepts, Definitions, and Classifications • Scope of the data • Accounting Conventions • Nature of the Basic Data Sources • Compilation Practices 	<p>Labour Force Survey (new series) reveals the result of the survey conducted and compiled by the National Statistical Office (NSO). Definition of terms used in the survey is as follows:</p> <p>Employed persons is defined as persons with the age of 15 years and over who during the week in which the survey is conducted, either</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. worked for at least one hour in exchange for wages/salary, profit, dividend or any other forms of compensation in cash or in kind; or 2. do not work at all or work less than one hour but <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1 receive wage/salary, profit from business enterprise or farm during the period of absence; or 2.2 do not receive wage/salary, profit from business enterprise or farm during the period of absence but would return to work in their permanent job or business. 3. worked for at least one hour without pay in business enterprise or on farm owned or operated by household head or members. <p>Unemployed persons is defined as persons with the age of 15 years and over who during the week in which the survey is conducted, do not work, have no job, business enterprise or farm of their own. Persons in this category include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. those who are looking for a job, applying for a job or waiting to be called to work during the past 30 days prior to the interview date; or 2. those who are not looking for work during the past 30 days prior to the interview date, but are otherwise available for work during the 7 days prior to the interview date. <p>Current labour force comprises both employed and unemployed person as defined above.</p> <p>Seasonally inactive labour force is defined as persons with the age of 15 years and over during the week in which the survey is conducted, who are neither employed nor unemployed as defined above, but are waiting for the appropriate season; those who usually work without pay on farm, or in business enterprise owned or operated by head of the household or any other member of the household and engaged in seasonal activities.</p> <p>Total labour force comprises current labour force and seasonally inactive labour force as defined above.</p> <p>Persons not in the labour force are those not categorised as total labour force as defined above. They include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. persons who, during the survey week, are under the age of 15 years, or 2. persons who, during the survey week, are 15 years old and over, but are neither employed nor available for employment because they are : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1 engaged in household work, 2.2 engaged in study 2.3 too young (below 18 years of age) or too old (above 60 years of age) 2.4 incapable of work because of physical or mental disability or

	<p>chronic illness, 2.5 voluntarily idle, 2.6 working without pay, profit, dividend or other payments for persons who are not members of the same household, 2.7 working without pay, profit, dividend or any other payments for charitable organizations and institutions, 2.8 not ready for employment due to other reasons.</p> <p>The survey is conducted simultaneously for all surveyed units nationwide during the 1st - 12th of each month. Data are collected by NSO officers through interview with head or member of the household units participated in the survey. Data compilation is based on weighted average of sampled data, the details of which appear in the NSO's website (www.nso.go.th) under the topic "Labour Force Survey".</p> <p>Data appeared on this table differs from those of Table EC_RL_009_S2 with respect to the industrial classification. This table is based on the United Nations' International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Rev. 3 (1990), while EC_RL_009_S2 is based on ISIC Rev. 1 (1958).</p>
Source of data	National Statistical Office
Accessibility	BOT's website (http://www2.bot.or.th/statistics/ReportPage.aspx?reportID=93&language=eng)
Revision policy	-

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